1 2 3 VERMONT MEDICAL SOCIETY RESOLUTION 4 5 Integrating the Science of the Adverse Childhood Experience (ACE) 6 Study in Vermont Medical Practice and Medical Education 7 8 Adopted October 25, 2014 9 10 Whereas, The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study is one of the largest investigations ever 11 conducted to assess associations between childhood maltreatment and later-life health and well-being; 12 and 13 14 Whereas, The study is a collaboration between the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and Kaiser Permanente's Health Appraisal Clinic in San Diego; and 15 16 17 Whereas, The ACE Study findings suggest that certain experiences are major risk factors for the leading causes of illness and death as well as poor quality of life in the United States. It is critical to 18 19 understand how some of the worst health and social problems in our nation can arise as a consequence 20 of adverse childhood experiences; and 21 22 Whereas, evidence from the ACE study indicates that primary prevention of these events will reduce the 23 burden of adult chronic disease and lead to better health outcomes; and 24 25 Whereas, results from ongoing research from the ACE study may identify best practices regarding 26 referral and treatment for patients with a history of significant exposure to adverse childhood 27 experiences; now therefore be it 28 29 RESOLVED, that the VMS work with public and private partners to identify, and rigorously 30 evaluate and promote, strategies for the integration of strength-based, data-driven and age-31 appropriate prevention, resiliency promotion, and screening and follow-up/referral activities 32 throughout Vermont's health care delivery system; and be it further 33 34 RESOLVED, that VMS advocate for the integration of strength-based, data-driven and age-35 appropriate prevention, resiliency promotion, screening and follow-up/referral activities into 36 health care professional training; and be it further 37 38 RESOLVED, that the VMS urge the Vermont Department of Health to continue to monitor the 39 population-based impact of ACE using data collection strategies such as (but not limited to) the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. 40